Do you want to feel better, move better and sleep better? Experts now say that any physical activity counts toward better health – even just a few minutes!

People with chronic kidney disease (CKD) lose stamina and strength, get out of breath easily and are at risk of heart problems. Being active is a great way counter those effects. You can lower your blood pressure, improve your muscle strength and increase your energy.

Exercise is safe for people who have CKD. If you are on dialysis, you will just have to work around your weekly dialysis sessions.

**Getting Started**

**Keep It Simple**

Sit less and move around more! Walk to the mailbox. Walk the dog. Dance in the kitchen. Take the stairs. Find opportunities to move throughout your day. It all adds up.

**Talk with Your Doctor**

Talk to your health care provider before you start a new physical activity program. Ask about other medical conditions or drugs you’re taking that might affect activity.

**Build a Plan**

Ask to meet with a clinical exercise physiologist or a member of the health care team who can go over your physical activity and care plan.

**Motivation**

What will help you stick with an activity plan? Exercising with a friend or in a supervised program or fitness center? Is there a better time of day? What’s fun?

---

**CKD and Dialysis Tips and Cautions**

- Physical activity should ideally be performed on non-dialysis days.
- During dialysis, be active (e.g., pedaling or stepping) in the first half of treatment to avoid low blood pressure episodes. Avoid exercise immediately after dialysis as well.
- Heart rate may be an unreliable way to measure your activity intensity. Use feelings of effort instead (light to medium).
- Even as a dialysis patient, it’s ok to drink when you feel thirsty. Don’t drink excessively because of your kidney disease. Limit salty foods to help you not be so thirsty.
- If you have a fistula in one of your arms, you may exercise with it, but don’t put weight or pressure on it.
Aerobic Activity

Aerobic activity increases your heart rate and breathing. Slowly build up to doing at least 150 minutes/week of moderate-intensity activity (like a brisk walk, light cycling or water exercise). You’ll improve your stamina and heart health.

**What?**
Any rhythmic activity

**How often?**
3-5 days/week

**How much?**
Start with a few minutes. Gradually build up to 20-60 minutes over the day.

**Aerobic Activity Cautions**
To stay safe and injury free:
- Start with light to fairly light effort.
- Gradually increase your time spent being active. Then increase your pace.
- Warm up and cool down at an easy pace before and after exercise.

**Strength Training**
Strength training, e.g., working with weights or resistance bands, makes you stronger and helps your overall health. Plus, strength training can make daily activities like lifting laundry baskets or yardwork easier and safer.

**What?**
Hand weights, resistance bands, weight machines or your own body (for example, kitchen counter push-ups or chair sit-to-stands)

**How often?**
2-3 Days/week
*Rest day in between!

**How much?**
10-15 repetitions (for each major muscle group) 1-2 sets

**Remember:** If you need it, get help from a certified exercise professional. They can teach you the right way to do exercises and how to breathe properly.

**Strength Training Cautions**
- Slowly increase how much you lift and how often.
- Avoid straining or holding your breath when lifting. This causes your blood pressure to go up.
Other Types of Physical Activity

Aerobic activity and strength training are at the heart of a program for those with chronic kidney disease. But you may enjoy and benefit from these other options.

**Flexibility**
Stretch your muscles 2-3 days/week to the point of feeling tightness. Hold for a total of 60 seconds (can do 10-30 second stretches). For example, stretch your calves or the back of your thighs.

**Take More Steps**
Use a smart phone or activity tracker to measure your progress and stay motivated. Count your steps daily for the first week. Slowly build up to 7,000-9,000 steps/day.

**Yoga, Tai Chi and Pilates**
All help with balance, strength and are relaxing too.

**Just for Fun**
Find ways of being active that are just plain fun. Try pickleball. Dance. Tend your garden. Play outdoors with your kids or grandkids. Find what makes you smile and do it often.

More Help
Go to acsm.org/get-stay-certified/find-a-pro to find an ACSM certified exercise professional near you.

Start where you are. Use what you have. Do what you can.

How will I get started this week? __________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________________